## FOREIGN CLAIMS SETTLEMENT COMMISSION OF THE UNITED STATES WASHINGTON, D.C. 20579

IN THE MATTER OF THE CLAIM OF

TED P. BEELER

Claim No.CU-1783

Decision No.CU 2158

Under the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949. as amended

## PROPOSED DECISION

This claim against the Government of Cuba, under Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended, was presented by TED P. BEELER and is based upon the asserted loss of \$4,292.48 sustained in connection with the ownership of common stock interest in Cia. Azucarera Vertientes-Camaguey de Cuba. Claimant has been a national of the United States since his birth.

Under Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949

[78 Stat. 1110 (1964), 22 U.S.C. §§1643-1643k (1964), as amended, 79 Stat.

988 (1965)], the Commission is given jurisdiction over claims of nationals

of the United States against the Government of Cuba. Section 503(a) of the

Act provides that the Commission shall receive and determine in accordance

with applicable substantive law, including international law, the amount

and validity of claims by nationals of the United States against the

Government of Cuba arising since January 1, 1959 for

losses resulting from the nationalization, expropriation, intervention or other taking of, or special measures directed against property, including any rights or interests therein owned wholly or partially, directly or indirectly at the time by nationals of the United States. Section 504 of the Act provides, as to ownership of claims, that

(a) A claim shall not be considered under Section 503(a) of this title unless the property on which the claim was based was owned wholly or partially, directly or indirectly by a national of the United States on the date of the loss and if considered shall be considered only to the extent the claim has been held by one or more nationals of the United States continuously thereafter until the date of filing with the Commission.

Section 507 of the Act provides, as to assignment of claims, that

(b) The amount determined to be due on any claim of an assignee who acquires the same by purchase shall not exceed (or, in the case of any such acquisition subsequent to the date of the determination, shall not be deemed to have exceeded) the amount of the actual consideration paid by such assignee, or in case of successive assignments of a claim by any assignee.

Claim is presented for an interest in stock issued by Cia Azucarera Vertientes-Camaguey de Cuba (Vertientes-Camaguey Sugar Company of Cuba).

The certificates in question are Nos. N 83766 through and including N 83769, J 3172 through and including J 3181, N 83451 through and including N 83455 and N 81620 and represent 2,000 shares.

On the basis of evidence of record, the Commission finds that claimant acquired 400 above-numbered certificates by purchase on April 26, 1962 for a consideration of \$726.15, 1,000 on May 21, 1963 for a consideration of \$2,197.65, 500 on December 22, 1961 for a consideration of \$843.90 and 100 on April 19, 1961 for a consideration of \$524.78.

The record discloses that Cia. Azucarera Vertientes-Camaguey de
Cuba was listed as nationalized in Resolution No. 1 (pursuant to Law 851),
published in the Cuban Official Gazette on August 6, 1960. This corporation was organized under the laws of Cuba and does not qualify as a
corporate "national of the United States" defined under Section 502(1)(B)
of the Act as a corporation or other legal entity organized under the
laws of the United States, or any State, the District of Columbia or the
Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, whose ownership is vested to the extent of
50 per centum or more in natural persons who are citizens of the United
States. In this type of situation, it has been held previously that a

stockholder in such a corporation is entitled to file a claim based upon the stock in question which represents an ownership interest in the assets of a nationalized enterprise within the purview of Section 502(3) of the Act. (See Claim of Parke, Davis & Company, Claim No. CU-0180.)

Under the provisions of Section 504(a) of the Act, a claimant is required to establish that the claim for any loss has been continuously owned by a national or nationals of the United States from the date of loss to the date of filing with the Commission. The loss occurred on August 6, 1960. In similar cases, claimants have been unable to obtain information or evidence to establish the nationality of the owner of the securities on the date of loss, and to establish continuous United States ownership of the securities until the date on which they acquired them.

Evidence of record before the Commission discloses that securities of the type subject of this claim were almost entirely owned and traded by persons or firms having addresses in the United States. The Commission has considered whether an inference may be justified that the claimed securities were continuously owned by a national or nationals of the United States from the date of loss to the date on which purchased by the claimant, and, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, has concluded that the securities were continuously so owned. (See Claim of the Executors of the Estate of Julius S. Wikler, Deceased, Claim No. CU-2571.)

The Commission finds that claimant, upon his purchase of the securities. succeeded to the loss sustained by the assignor of the claimed securities, and concludes that he succeeded to and suffered a loss on the following dates of purchase for the following amounts being the price he paid as a result of nationalization of the Cia. Azucarera Vertientes-Camaguey de Cuba on August 6, 1960:

Date of Purchase	Amount Paid
April 19, 1961	\$ 524.78
December 22, 1961	843.90
April 26, 1962	726.15
May 21, 1963	2,197.65
TOTAL	\$ 4,292,48

The Commission has decided that in certification of losses on claims determined pursuant to Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended, interest should be included at the rate of 62 per annum from the date of loss to the date of settlement. (See Claim of Lisle Corporation, Claim No. CU-0644.)

The Commission concludes, however, that the amount of loss sustained by claimant herein shall be increased by interest thereon at the rate of 6% per annum from the respective dates of purchase, to the date on which provisions are made for the settlement thereof.

## CERTIFICATION OF LOSS

The Commission certifies that TED R. BELLER succeeded to and suffered a loss, as a result of actions of the Government of Cubs, within the scope of Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended, in the amount of Four Thousand Two Hundred Ninety-Two Dollars and Forty-Eight Cents (\$4,292.48) with interest at 6% per annum from the respective dates of purchase to the date of settlement.

Dated at Washington, D. C., and entered as the Proposed Decision of the Commission

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Notice: Pursuant to the Regulations of the Commission, if no objections are filed within 15 days after service or receipt of notice of this Proposed Decision, the decision will be entered as the Final Decision of the Commission upon the expiration of 30 days after such service or receipt of notice, unless the Commission otherwise orders. (FCSC Reg., 45 C.F.R. 531.5(e) and (g) as amended, 32 Fed. Reg. 412-13 (1967).)

NOTICE TO TREASURY: The above-referenced securities may not have been submitted to the Commission or if submitted, may have been returned; accordingly, no payment should be made until claimant establishes retention of the securities or the loss here certified.

The statute does not provide for the payment of claims against the Government of Cuba. Provision is only made for the determination by the Commission of the validity and amounts of such claims. Section 501 of the statute specifically precludes any authorization for appropriations for payment of these claims. The Commission is required to certify its findings to the Secretary of State for possible use in future negotiations with the Government of Cuba.